

Gaining Apex Coaching Centre

(Where Toppers make..... Toppers)

Compiled By: Dapinder Sir

DPP
DAILY PRACTICE PROBLEMS

CLASS : XIIth

DATE :

SUBJECT : CHEMISTRY

DPP NO. : 4

Topic :-HALOALKANES AND HALOARENES

- t*-butyl chloride preferably undergo hydrolysis by
 - S_N1 mechanism
 - S_N2 mechanism
 - Any of (a) and (b)
 - None of the above
- Which statement is wrong about chloroform?
 - Chloroform is used as anaesthetic
 - Chloroform has distorted tetrahedral shape
 - Chloroform is used as a solvent
 - Chloroform has *sp*²-hybridised carbon atom
- When CCl₄ is boiled with KOH, the product formed is:
 - Formic acid
 - Methyl alcohol
 - Formaldehyde
 - Carbon dioxide
- Which set of reagents will produce freon(CCl₂F₂) ?
 - C + F₂ + Cl₂ →
 - CH₃Cl + F₂ →
 - CCl₄ + HF $\xrightarrow{\text{SbCl}_5}$
 - CCl₄ + F₂ →
- Which of the following will not give positive iodoform test?
 - CH₃CH₂CHOHCH₃
 - CH₃CH₂CH₂COCH₃
 - CH₃CH₂COCH₂CH₃
 - CH₃COC₆H₅
- Which of the following does not react with benzene in presence of anhydrous AlCl₃?
 - C₆H₅Cl
 - C₆H₅CH₂Cl
 - CH₃Cl
 - C₆H₅CH₂CH₂CH₂Cl
- Iodoform is obtained when ethanol is heated with
 - KI and aq. KOH
 - I₂ and aq. KOH
 - I₂/aq. KI
 - HI and HIO₃
- n*-propyl bromide reacts with ethanolic KOH to form:
 - Propane
 - Propene
 - Propyne
 - Propyl alcohol

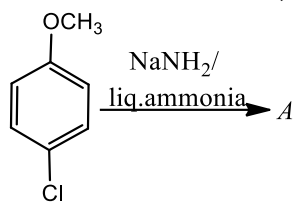
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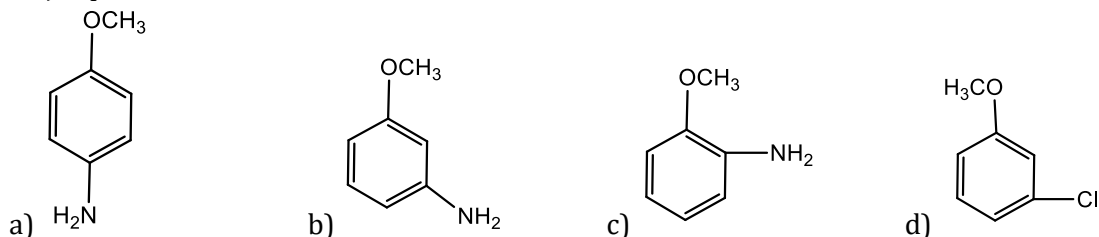
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9. Which of the following statements regarding the S_N1 reaction shown by alkyl halide is not correct?
- The added nucleophile plays no kinetic role in S_N1 reaction.
 - The S_N1 reaction involves the inversion of configuration of the optically active substrate.
 - The S_N1 reaction on the chiral starting material ends up with racemization of the product.
 - The more stable the carbocation intermediate the faster the S_N1 reaction.
10. Pick up the correct statement about alkyl halides:
- They show H-bonding.
 - They are soluble in water.
 - They are soluble in organic solvents.
 - They do not contain any polar bond.
11. The product of reaction between alcoholic silver nitrite with ethyl bromide is
- Ethene
 - Ethane
 - Ethyl nitrile
 - Nitro ethane
12. 1-phenyl, 2-chloropropane on treating with alc. KOH gives mainly:
- 1-phenylpropene
 - 2-phenylpropene
 - 1-phenylpropan-2-ol
 - 1-phenylpropan-1-ol

13. In the reaction,



The major product A is



14. $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{CMgCl}$ on reaction with D_2O gives:
- $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{CD}$
 - $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{OD}$
 - $(\text{CD}_3)_3\text{CD}$
 - $(\text{CD}_3)_3\text{OD}$

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15. Grignard reagent shows addition on:
a) $>\text{C}=\text{O}$ b) $-\text{C}\equiv\text{N}$ c) $>\text{C}=\text{S}$ d) All of these
16. When tetrahydrofuran is treated with excess HI, the product formed is
a) 1, 4-diiodobutane b) 1, 4-butanediol
c) 2-iodotetrahydrofuran d) 4-iodo-1-butanol
17. Iodoform can be used in medicine as:
a) Anaesthetic b) Antiseptic c) Analgesic d) Antifebrin
18. A mixture of two organic compounds was treated with sodium metal in ether solution. Isobutane was obtained as a product. The two chlorine compounds are:
a) Methyl chloride and propyl chloride
b) Methyl chloride and ethyl chloride
c) Isopropyl chloride and methyl chloride
d) Isopropyl chloride and ethyl chloride
19. Wurtz's reaction involves the reduction of alkyl halide with
a) Zn/HCl b) HI c) Zn/Cu couple d) Na in ether
20. In the following sequences of reactions;
$$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Br} \xrightarrow{\text{KOH(alc.)}} (\text{A}) \xrightarrow{\text{HBr}} (\text{B}) \xrightarrow{\text{KOH(aq.)}} (\text{C})$$

the end product (C) is :
a) Propene
b) Propyne
c) Propan-1-ol
d) Propan-2-ol